the attention of the proprietors to the swasion of the law, and if the law is not complied with the officers should report the next morning to the District Atorney's office.

"I also call your attention to section 35 of the Raines bill; "All officers should be instructed to report to the District Atorney all violations of the law, where complaints will be received and first laid before the Police Magistrate by the District Attorney, If it appears on the examination before the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate that a crime has been committed, the Police Magistrate to await the action of the Grand Jury, where further prosecution will take place.

After a conference with Commissioner Welles, Superintendent McKelvey summoned the Captains to his office and instructed them to notify every saloon keeper in the city that the law would be strictly enforced to-day, and that they would have to keep their places closed from midnight of Saturday until 5 o'clock to-morrow morning, and the bars exposed to view from the street. All the entrances, front as well as side, to the saloons must also not only be sept closed, but locked, except where it is found necessary for the Ingress or egress of occupants of the building.

Commissioner Welles said: "The law will be carried out to the letter. All obstructions to a full view from the street must be removed. There are some places where the cabinet work cannot be removed on short notice, but it must be done as far and as suickly as possible." He also made this remarkable statement: "Any free lunch on hand to-day must be disposed of either by throwing it sway or giving it to the poor." He continued: "The police must see that every door leading into a store is locked and kept locked during the interdicted hours. There will be no ar

The liquor dealers will observe the law, but of the direction of their organization one of them will violate it so as to have a test case made. Last night posters in big black letters were hang up behind the bars in many saloons.

Raines bill to be enforced to-morrow. Buy your liquors to day. Since the passage of the bill the brewers have called in scores of chattel mortgages, and many judgments against the saloon keepers have been filed in the County Clerk's office.

RAINES LAW UP THE STATE. In Some Cities No Attempt Will Be Made to Enforce It Until April 80,

BUFFALO, March 28. - Mayor Jewett gives it as his opinion that the Raines law will not affect Buffalo saloon keepers until April 30, so the Excise Commissioners will take no cognigance of it until that time. The Police Department is in grave doubt on some points in the bill with reference to Sunday closing, and the officials are seeking advice from the law department before deciding to enforce that especial provision. The police are ready to act, but Superintendent Bull says he will make no move until he knows what the law means. Police missioner Rupp says it may be necessary to get an opinion from the Attorney-General on some features of the bill which seem ambiguous When their proper course appears clear the Commissioners will notify the saloon keepers to close up on Sundays, but that may not be for some weeks yet. In the mean time the prospects

some weeks yet. In the mean time the prospects are for wet Sundays in this city.

ITHACA. March 28.—The authorities here have taken no action to enforce the Raines law. It is understood that nothing will be done at present, as they await the issuance of the licenses by the State Commissioner, and the secret agents will be depended upon to complain against violators of the law.

BYRACUSE, March 28.—Chief of Police Wright Synacuse. March 28.—Chief of Police Wright has sent a circular letter to every saloon keeper in Syracuse setting forth the Raines law provision for Sunday closing, and informing them the law will be strictly enforced to-morrow. Watthtown, March 28.—Watertown saloons and bars are to be, and always have been, closed on Sunday. The Raines law will be rigidly enforced. The compliance with the regulation regarding keeping the shades raised on Sunday will be the only change here.

Rose, March 28.—Chief of Police Hagerty has to-day caused every saloon keeper in this city to be notified to close his place at 12 o'clock to-night and keep it closed till 5 A. M. Monday.

Elmira, March 28.—No attempt will be made to enforce the Sunday closing of the saloons in this city to-morrow. But next Sunday, after the authorities have carefully comprehended the meaning of the law, instructions will be issued for its enforcement.

Auburn, March 28.—The Sunday closing law has always been partially enforced here, and there will not be any change in this respect tomorrow. The law in regard to screens and shutters will also be enforced. Much diversity of opinion exists as to when all the provisions of the Raines law will go into effect. Senator Raines, who was here to-day, declined to be interviewed, but did say that the screen law went into effect immediately.

Hisoflamon, March 28.—The Sunday pro-

Raines, who was here to-day, declined to be interviswed, but did say that the screen law went
into effect immediately.

BINGHAMTON, March 28.—The Sunday provisions of the Raines Liquor Tax law will not
affect the situation in Binghamton, Sunday
glosing, as a local ordinance, always having
been rigidly enforced.

ROCHEMTER, March 28.—Rochester will not
attempt to enforce the Raines law to-morrow,
and the old order of things will maintain.

KINGSTON, March 28.—There will be no attempt here to close the saloons on Sunday until
a State Excise Commissioner has been appointa State Excise Commissioner has been appoint-de. All of the free lunch counters have been continued, atthough the County Treasurer has notified several liquor dealers that the law is now in force.

low in force, TROY, March 28.—Superintendent of Police Willard says his understanding is that the local excise laws are still in effect and will continue so until June 30. He will not enforce the Raines

aw to-morrow.

UTICA, March 28,—It has been decided to enforce the Haines bill here to-morrow, and Chief of Police Dagwell has given notice to that effect.

ALBANY, March 28.—Mayor Thacher says he will instruct the police to comply with the Sunday closing provision of the Raines law to-morrow. He says: "We must assume that the law is all right until the courts have decided differently." Hunson, March 28.—The Chief of Police has

Hubson, March 28.—The Chief of Police has not yet received any orders from the Police Commissioners in reference to enforcing the Raines law. Most saloon keepers have already removed their free lunches. Sunday closing has been strictly enforced in this city for several menths past and will continue to be.

Niagana Falls, March 28.—No action has been taken here by the Police Commissioners to ansore the Raines bill, and to-morrow will be a wet." Sunday here, with saloons wide open, as they always have been on Sunday. The local commissioners say that they do not intend to take any action, but will leave that to be done by the inspectors under the Raines bill when they are appointed.

Entitled to a Return of His License Money POUGHKEEPSIE, March 28, -Judge Barnard keeper whose license had been renewed for on year from May 1 next, was entitled to the re-turn of his money. Walsh's license was one of a number renewed by the Excise Board to evade the Raines bill, and the decision is of interest elsewhere in New York State where similar re-

White Plains Saloons Close To-day. White Plains, March 28.—The local liquor dealers met to-day and disused the Raines bill. It was agreed that all saloons shall close to-

White Plains Objects to the Malby Bill, WHITE PLAINS, March 28.- A mass meeting was held at the Town Hall to-night to protest against the passage of the Malby bill. The bill provides that municipalities shall purchase existing water, electric, and gas plants before they operate similar plants on municipal ac-

count.

White Plains has a private water company.

A bill has been introduced which will allow the village to erect a water plant. The Malby bill would compet the purchase of the present plant. A committee was appointed to go to Albany protest against the passage of the Malby bill.

Columbust Not for Conviction of Devery Darius Columbani, the eleventh juror in the Devery case, said last evening that he was not one of the two jurors who stood out for the conviction of the ex-Police Captain. He said he had been for acquittal from the first, and tost the region he asked so many questions was because he had been requested to do so by the other members of the jury. He says that he made strong efforts to win over the two men who had intended to stick out for conviction.

Pattison's Room Still Extets.

TUNKHANNOCK, Pa., March 28.-The Wyo ming County Democratic Standing Committee to-E Pational Convention who will favor Robert E. Pations for President.
GETTYSHURG. Pa., March 28. The Adams County Democratic Committee to-day endorsed Patison for President, and declared for the enforcement of the unit rule in the Pennsylvania delegation to the National Convention.

Mitchell Will Only Pight Corbett. LONDOF, March 28, Chartie Mitchell, the pugilist, declines to meet Maker or anybody else, except Corbett.

\$14.50 for three days' tour to Washington via Penn-sylvania halfroad April 2. Hoter and all necessary expenses included.—adv.

THE PORT JERVIS POISONING.

A Statement by the Daughter of the Vic-PORT JERVIS, March 28.-The latest devel opment in the Snyder poisoning case is the statement made to-day by Mrs. Martha Whittaker, the accused woman, to Mr. Wilton Ben net, the criminal lawrer who has been retained by her to look after her interest in the ap proaching inquest, which Coroner Harding has fixed to begin at 2 P. M. on Monday. Bennet had a long interview with Mrs. Whittaker last night and another this afternoon. in which she emphatically denied that she is guilty of the poisoning, and gave a circum stantial account of the illners and death of her parents. She feels particularly wounded because of the inhumanity of her relatives in reher deceased father and mother, and complains that she was accused directly by her relatives of the commission of the crime, and that access to her parents was refused her. She says that she was deprived of proper nourishment, which caused her present prostrate condition. She charges the relatives with the most inhuman conduct, such as pointing the finger of scorn at her and telling her she would pay the penalty in the electric chair.

"I do not know why I am watched here," said

the penalty in the electric chair.

"I do not know why I am watched here," said she. "I know nothing about my poor mother's reasons for accusing me. It does not seem possibe that she has. How could she?"

Mrs. Whittaker related in detail the previous good feeling that existed between her and her parents, and said:

"I admir that have caused them a good deal of trouble. I know that I have done wrong and been an expense to my father, who sliways cheerfully paid for my foolishness. During the past year I have settled down, and only a few days before mother was taken sick she said she wanted me to go down town with her, and she would encourage me by getting me a new dress. Nothing existed to create any ill-feelings between me and my parents. I knew of no moive for poisoning them, and swear that I did not. I am positively innocent. I am suffering purely from prostration and exhaustion. I did not poison myself. The thought did not enter my head. The people at the house started that story, as they started others. About that rat poison, mother bought that at Porter's grocery store, and used part of it when cleaning a closet at the house. She put it away, and I did not know where it was. The story about me being with mother at her death is false. Mother asked for me, and when I was entering the room the women pushed me out. They led me down stairs, where I lay until I was removed to the hospital."

Mrs. Whittaker passed a good night last night, and is feeling so much better to-day that she sat up a few bours. It is the intention of her counsel, Mr. Bennet, unless she is set at liberty by Monday, to move for a writ of habeas corpus with, a view of procuring a release from police surveillance and confinent. Coroner Harding returned home from New York last night, but went away again this morning. The result of the analysis will not be learned for several days.

M'MULLEN & CO.'S WHITE LABELS.

Used Them on Ale that Was Not Bass's. Thomas McMullen & Co., 44 Beaver street,

country. Ale drinkers all over the United. States and Canada are familiar with the white label brand of Base's ale, with the firm's sigsature across the label and the firm's name stamped upon the cork. For some time com-plaints have been coming in to the firm that persons have purchased white label ale of an inferior quality. The firm could not understand why this should be, as they always take

persons have purchased white label sie of an inferior quality. The firm could not understand why this should be, as they always take the greatest care in their bottling.

The matter was referred to their attorney, Edward H. Moeran of 34 Pine street, and he started an investigation. The result was the indictment and arrest of three men, Rudolph Bohl and Charles Jeutter, constituting the firm of Bohl & Jeutter, bottlers at 652 Second avenue, and Louis Elcke, a grocer at 767 Third avenue. The men were indicted on Fridays of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The charge against bohl & Jeutter is that upon the country is denuded of regular troops, and the forces, of the chardered company are discovered in the consent of that firm. The charge against licke is that the sold the bottled at thus labelled. The story of the alleged fraudation of the country is denuded of regular troops against Elcke is that he sold the bottled at thus labelled. The story of the alleged fraudation of the firm of Medicine and the process of the charge against lock of old labels that once had been used by MoMullen & Co. on the bottles that they had sold, and which Bohl & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by both & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by both & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by both & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by both & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by both & Jeutter had removed from those bottles. A chemical analysis of the beverage sold by hold & Jeutter had removed from the crask regiments what large undertaking. The main anxiety of the authorities here was entired in the consideration of the large duration of

tles was a paste instead of a gum, and the var-erage had few, if any, of the ingredients of Bass's sie.

Edward G. Roche of the firm of McMullen & Co. went before the Grand Jury, and upon his testimony the indictments were found. The code classifies such an offence as a misde-meanor, punishable by imprisonment or fine, or both. Mr. Moeran says that this case is but one of many in which bottlers are seeking to paim off on the public a spurious article under the label of McMullen & Co. He is ob-taining evidence against several other bottlers, and he says that other arrests are to come.

Judge James Dennon Reymert, who died as his home in Athambra, Col., last week at the age of 74 had a notable career. He was a native of Norway and claimed royal descent. After working in the copper mines in Wales and graduating from a law school at Edinburgh he same to America. He settled in the wilds of Wisconsin and began life there as a school teacher, afterward devoting himself to the practice of law. He represented Milwaukee city and county five years in the Assembly and three in the Senate. In 1860 he ran for Congress on the Douglas Democratic ticket and was defeated. When the civil war came Reymert went to New York city and practised law, his income from this source amounting to nearly \$50,000 as year. While in New York he was elected a Judge and served one term. His health falling in 1877 he went to Chili, where he engaged in mining and ranching on a large scale until 1884, when he went to San Francisco and resumed law practice. He discovered the famous Silver King mine in Arizona, which made him a fortune. Wisconsin and began life there as a school made bim a fortune.

and resumed law practice. He discovered the famous Silver King mine in Arizona, which made him a fortune.

Edward King, a newsoaper writer, died on Friday at his home, 151 Howes street, Brooklyn, He was 47 years old, He began his newspaper work as city editor of the Spiringfield Republican at the age of 15. In 1867 he represented the Boston Journal and Spiringfield Republican at the Act of the Spiringfield Republican at the Boston Journal and Spiringfield Republican at the Paris Exposition, and remained abroad as war correspondent until the close of the Franco-Prussian war. After a short visit to this country he again went to Europe during the Russo-Turkish war. He lived in Paris until 1889, when he returned to this city, and began doing special work for several New York dailles. He published several books: "The Great South." "Enough Storm and Caim." "The Golden Spike," and "Joseph Zalmorah." On account of his long residence in Europe, he was regarded as an authority on Continental politics, He leaves a sister, Mrs. McGbie of Brooklyn, and a half-brother, H. K. Fisher. The funeral sorvices will be held at the house at 4 P. M. to-day.

John B. Gibbs, well known in this city as a temperance advocate, died on Friday at his home, 26 East Twenty-ninth street. He was born in New Hampshire in 1876. His early life was spent in Boston. He came to this city in the fifties and started a dairy kitchen linch room. He was the originator of this style of resistaurant, and established several such places about the city. Then he got into the temperance organization in this city, and President of the American Temperance Union. He was an active worker and lecturer in the temperance organization in this city, and President of the American Temperance Vanne, and lecturer in the temperance organization in this city, and President of the American tour

George Keogh, an Englishman, who was man-ger for Lily Langtry on her American tour everal years ago, died on Friday in Bicoming tale Asylum. The funeral took place yesterday at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament on West seventy-first street.

at the church of the Bleised Sacrament on West Seventy-first street.

John D. Anderson, who was stricken on the street with apoplexy on Thursday, died rester-day at his home. 53 Ashiand place, lirocklyn, He was 53 years old, and was one of the leading builders in Brooklyn. He leaves a widow and firm children.

Now for Vaughan's Seeds, 96 Barciny St

ENGLAND'S LATEST WAR. THE NATIVE POLICE HAVE JOINED

Thousand Women and Children Take Refuge is the Fortified Camp at Bulo-waye. The Son of the Late King Is at the Head of the Present Uprising. CAPE Town, March 28 .- F. C. Selous, the explorer, who started from Buluwayo at the head of a force of men to put down the revolt of the Matabeles, has had an engagement with the natives, many of whom were killed. More murders of whites by the Matabeles are reported. The transport riders are abandoning safety. The rebellious Matabeles have raided almost every estate in the disturbed district and carried off all the cattle,



MR. P. C. SELOUS.

A force of British troops, under command of Capt. Spreckeys, defeated a large body of Matabeles on Thursday, killing a large number A despatch from Buluwayo under yesterday's date represents the situation as being of the gravest character. A thousand women and children are in the langer at Buluwayo. The Matabeles burned a store forty miles out from Buluwayo on Thursday and danced around the

Many murders of whites, of the most flendish character, are reported. Cecil Rhodes is expected to arrive at Salisbury on Sunday. It is learned that the native police induced the Matabeles to revolt, and joined them with 750 rifles and a large quantity of ammunition,

LONDON, March 28. -Sir Hercules Robinson, Sovernor of the Cape Colony, has telegraphed to the Colonial Office that the reports of the murder of Police Inspector Jackson and the desertion of the native police to the Matabeles, taking their Martini rifles with them, is con Gov. Robinson also says that the laager around the market in Buluwayo is greatly in need of arms and ammunition.

The despatch says that Mabele, son of the late Matabele king, Lo Bengula, who was banished in 1895, has returned to Matabele-land, and that it was he who incited the up-

GERMANY'S SUPPORT OF ENGLAND. Fears Expressed that Russia Will Be Less

Friendly to Germany. BERLIN, March 28,-The results of Germany's support of England in Egypt as affecting the relations between Russia and Germany are greatly exercising the Bismarckian advocates of a closer stente with Russia.

The Neueste Nuchrichten expresses fear that the attitude of Germany will lead to a revival of the ill will of Russia toward Germany and urges the Government to take diplomatic measures to suppress the Russian suspicions that Germany Germany ought to consistently follow the

Is the time to purify your blood, because now the blood is loaded with impurities, which have accumulated during the winter, owing to various causes. These impurities must be expelled at once or serious consequences will result. The best way to

because Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved in thousands and thousands of cases, that it absolutely and permanently cures disease by purifying and enriching the

In buying medicine be sure to get the best. The unequalled record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and its enormous sales, prove that it is absolutely without an equal as a blood purifier and spring medicine. You need a good blood purifler now; you need the best you can get; you need Hood's Sarsaparilla because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Be sure to get Hood's and only HOOD'S. Hood's Pills cure all liver fils, constiPlady to mer Clothing with all the features of made to arder garments Orices decidedly boror Clarge G. Brogamin, S. X. X.X.

terests, which are opposed to any kind of conflict with Russia which is associated with Brit-

The semi-official newspapers, on the other hand, exercise great care in combating the idea that Germany's action in Egypt will invoive a conflict with Russia.

The Hamburger Correspondent says: "Ger-many has supported England in Egypt because her own interests are not touched in doing so. Italy is likely to reap the benefit of the Dongola expedition, but will not interfere where German interests might be injuriously affected or th peaceful aims of the Dreibund be endangered.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE'S DISCONTENT He Cannot Get Along With the Emperor and Is Likely Soon to Retire.

BERLIN, March 28.—Prince Hobenlobe's dis content with his relations with the Kaiser are reported to have been expressed by him to Heri Rickert, the leader of the Radical Unionist party in the Reichstag, at a recent banquet. The Chancellor said he found increasing difficulty in getting the Emperor to approve his line of political action. He is also reported to have told Herr Rickert that he did not think he would be able to retain office after autumn. The Berlin reporter of the United Press asked Herr Rickert about the report. Herr Rickert denied that the report was exactly accurate, but admitted that it had a basis of truth. "Why," he said, to the reporter, "should the Chancellor mention autumn as the date of his retirement? Prince Hohenlohe did not refer to autumn at all." The reporter suggested that the Chancellor might have mentioned an earlier period, but Herr Rickert maintained his reticence in regard to the matter, particularly as to the points in dispute between the Emperor and the Chancellor, and except to say that it would surprise no one if the Chancelior should resign immeafter the Emperor returns from his present tour, he would talk no further on the

MR. UHL IN BERLIN.

Dur New Ambassador and His Family Had a Pleasant Journey to Germany.

BERLIN, March 28 .- Mr. Edwin F. Uhl, United States Ambassador to Germany, with his family, arrived in Berlin this afternoon and was met at the Lehrte railway station by the entire staff of the embassy. The Ambassador and his family at once drove to the Hote Kaiserhof. Mr. Uhl told a reporter that he and his family had a splendid ocean passage, and that he was looking forward with keen interest

Mr. Uhl will, in consequence of the Emperor's novements, be unable to be presented to the Kaiser before May 1, if he is able to do so then. According to diplomatic rule, Mr. Uhl cannot sign passports and other documents in an of-ficial capacity until he has been presented to the Emperor, though he may otherwise perform the functions of an Ambassador. Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, is likely to stretch a point, however, and hold that Mr. Uhl's signature is valid before his presentation to the Kaiser.

THE KAISER'S MOVEMENTS.

Woodcock Shooting and a Wedding Are Items on His Programme. BERLIN, March 28 .- The programme of the Kalser's movements during the next month April 13, and on April 15 he will go to Karla-

ruhe for a season of woodcock shooting, remaining there until April 19, when he will go to Coburg to be present at the marriage of Princess Alexandra of Saxe-Coburg to Prince Ernst of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, which will take place on April 20. On April 22 he expects to go shooting with the

Grand Duke of Saxe-Welmar at Wurtburg and thence to Schlitz as the guest of Count Goerts. where he will again indulge in woodcock shooting. His Majesty will return to Berlin on May

and open the Industrial Art Exhibition on that day, and on May 2 he will open the International Art Exhibition. On May 10 the Kaiser together with all of the German sovereigns, will unveil at Frankfort a monument to the memory of his grandfather, Emperor William I.

GOLD AND SILVER IN RUSSIA.

It Is Believed that Metalile Currency Will Come Into Use There. LONDON, March 28 .- The Times publishes s

lespatch from St. Petersburg which says the belief is strong there that metallic currency will come into use in Russia, though no official announcement has been made of such a probability. The reform of the currency proposed provides for the coinage of new gold pieces corresponding exactly in value to the existing paper ruble. The State Bank will cease issuing paper on

account of the Exchequer, the note issue being put on a basis similar to that of the banks of England and France. The existing paper will be withdrawn in exchange for the new gold rubles. The silver ruble will be received by the Exchequer to any amount except in payment of customs duties, but it will be con pulsory between persons only up to the amount

THE LIBERAL FEDERATION. Many Delegates Are Greatly Disappointed

LONDON, March 28.-The Liberal papers profess to be satisfied with the results of the conerence of the National Liberal Federation held this week at Huddersfield. In the freer air of the National Liberal Club the delegates who have returned to London do not conceal their

disappointment.

Impartial opinion can only describe the conference as the most stolid and mechanical party gathering that was ever held in England. The speeches utterly lacked personal inspiration and were kept within the lines dictated by the wirepullers. Depression dominated all the dele-

M. BAIHAUT RELEASED. He Was Accused of Participating in the Panama Fraude.

PARIS. March 28 .- President Faure has granted the release of M. Bainaut, formerly Minister of Public Works, who in March, 1893. was sentenced to five years imprisonment, to pay a fine of 750,000 francs, and to suffer the loss of his civil rights for five years for connection with the Panama Lottery bond frauds.

The Congregationalist Pligrims, LONDON, March 28 .- A large number of English Congregationalists are arranging to join the American pilgrims of that denomination who will this summer make a top of Great Britain and the Continent. Besides being received by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Blahop of Winchester will invite them to lunch-

eon and similar invitations will be given by the

Deans of Norwich and other cathedral cities.

Li Hung Chang Sails for Russia. SHANGHAL March 28 .- Li Hung Chang, with his suite, sailed from this port to-day on board a French steamer en route for Moscow, where he is to represent the Emperor of China at the coronation of the Czar.

BOERS PREPARE TO FIGHT.

Rruoger Says the Volksraad Will Not Let Him Go to London Unless the Complete Independence of the Transvani in Recognized-The Zuin Allies of the Boers. LORDON, March 28, To-day's advices confirm the importance of the Dutch agitation for

the independence of South Africa. A letter received here from a member of the Cape Parliament says that the English and Dutch political leaders concur in the belief that the position was never so threatening in the Transvaal. The heads of the movement are first amply providing for their own security against a British attack. Many newcomers who are seen in Pretoria are known to be German soldiers. Every steamer sailing to Cape Town, Durban, and Port Elizabeth brings groups of so-called prospectors who are unable to conceal the stamp of the disciplined soldier who is still under military command. Besides the Germans, the Hoers are recruiting a foreign legion. The let-ter concludes with the statement that everybody knows that there is war ahead, and that plenty of British and Dutch blood will be shed ere the sum mer's grapes ripen.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, recently demanded of President Kruger of the Transvaal that he im mediately accept or reject the invitation to visit London for the purpose of settling the questions that have arisen between Great Britain and the South African Republic. In response to this demand, President Krüger has telegraphed that the decision does not rest with him, but with the Volksraad, the Parliament of the Republic, and that the latter will only assent to his going to London on condition that the Angle-Beer convention of 1884 be so amended that the full independence of the Transvan will be recognized and guaranteed by Great Britain and the other powers.

Mr. Chamberlain declined last night to tell the House of Commons how the negotiations stood at present, but within the Ministerial circle the gravity of the position is known. Government officer has told the representative of the United Press that Mr. Chamberlain has from the outset of the negotiations, distrusted President Kruger, and has not failed to draw accurate conclusions from his delayed accept-ance of the invitation to visit England. Mr. Chamberiain still hopes, however, to obtain a pacific settlement of the questions at issue without President Krüger coming here and without acceding to a revision of the conven-tion.

ion.

The Ministers seem to be more sanguine than
the facts warrant, probably not desiring to

without acceding to a revision of the convention.

The Ministers seem to be more sanguine than the facts warrant, probably not desiring to alarm the country until the last resources of diplomacy are exhausted. The Volksraad does not meet until April 4. President Krüger will then have dailied over Mr. Chamberiain's invitation, which was sent early in February, for three months, during which time he has formed an alliance with the Orange Free State, prepared an Afrikander insurrection in Cape Colony, and reorganized the armed forces of the Transvaal, especially the artillery.

That the issue of the negotiations would be war has been contemplated by the British Government for some time. This fact was pointed out in this correspondence on Feb. 15 last, at which time it was stated that the War Office, acting under instructions from the Government, had prepared to send an army corps of 20,000 men to South Africa. Of this force it was intended that a large contingent should be drawn from the indian cavairy, artillery, and infantry.

There is reason for saying that this project has not been altered, but time has been on the side of the Boers. The tact and energy of President Krüger have made a successful invasion of the Transvaal by 20,000 British troops almost impossible. It is not the Transvaal ions that the British forces would have to face, but the united Dutch peoples of the whole of South Africa.

That strictly non-sensational paper, the Manchester Guardian, published resterday authoritaive letters from Cape Colony in which it was said that a war against the Transvaal would mean a civil war, the British against the Dutch facing each other from Pretoria to Cape Town. The conquest of the Dutch would require as many troops as were sent to the Crimea. It is not known accurately at the War Office what the strength of the Boer forces alone is that are now ready to take the field. The representative of the United Press learns from an official source that within three months 2,500 Germans in the British. Viewing the whol

Lord Sallabury at Nice.

LONDON, March 28 .- Lord Salisbury has arrived at Nice, which will soon be a diplomatic centre. Baron Mobrenheim, the Russian Ambassador to France; Lord Dufferin, the British be in that city during the next fortnight.

One More Member of the Irish Party. DUBLIN, March 28.—The Parliamentary election in the east division of Kerry yesterday resuited in the choice of Mr. Roche, Nationalist, by a vote of 1,952 to 663 cast for Mr. McGilli-cuddy, Unionist.

and that is what makes our talking machine different from others. All satisfactory talk ing machines up to the present time have been very complicated, and necessarily expensive. One Hundred Dollars has been about the price. You may have been lucky enough to have heard one by dropping a nickel in the slot, or that was exhibited at some lecture-always at some place or time which meant a large cost for the exhibition. Mind you, this could not have been avoided, because of the expense of the machine. It was our good fortune to have discovered

Ad song, a cor net solo or duet. a band selection,a jolly story or banjo solo, or, in fact, tion of any collec words or could be recorded on a FLAT plate, and from that many thousands of exactly similar records could be cast by a process peculiarly our own, and from these records be again reproduced by our machine, the

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Simplicity was the key which unlocked the gate which barred the road to popular success. A simple machine, composed of few parts, requiring little adjustment, sure to keep in working order, so easily operated that a child can use it, and all for the small sum of fifteen dollars-is it any wonder that WE SELL IT? "Seeing is believing" is an old saying, but

when applied to the Gramophone it has to be changed to "Hearing is believing." That is why we so persistently invite you to call at 874 Broadway, corner 18th, and be con-Ives & Williams Co. - - 294 Broadway,

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## THET EXPECTS CONFLICT FOR THE INDEPENDENCE OF SOUTH APRICA. EHRICH BROS.

## PRICES SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS.

LADIES' COATS. |



Four-button Reefer Coats in fine quality tan Covert, with coth or velvet col-3.75 lars, full ripple back, at... 3.75

Handsome Reefer Coat, with eight buttons, as in cut above, lined through in Taffeta silk, made up in best quality imported Covert, worth 14.50; spe-9.75

Short four-button Reefer Coats, in extra quality English Covert. cloth or velvet collars; positively worth 8.00, at..... 8.75

Imported Spring Coat, of fine tan cloth, lined in Taffeta Silk; special price..... 9.75

MISSES' SUITS AND CLOAKS.

Confirmation Dresses in India Lawn, full waists and skirts, Bishop sleeves, hand-somely trimmed with embroidered ruffles; 5 to 14 years; value \$5.50, at..... 2.95 Children's Reefers in fine Ladies' Cloth, deep sailor collars, mandolin sleeves, prettily trimmed with braids and brass buttons, 6 to 14; value \$4.50, at.

isses' Jackets in Covert and Mixed Cheviots, velvet collar, mandolin sleeves and fancy buttons, 14 to 18; value \$6.00, at..... 0.00 Complete assortment of Mourning Coats and Dresses, Simity, Dotted Swiss, and Scotch Ginghams.

LADIES' SUITS.

Tailor Made Reefer Suits, in tan, mixed cloth, black and navy cheviots, lined skirts; worth 8.75, at..... 0.98

LADIES' CAPES.

Ladies' Black and Tan Kersey Cloth Capes, with straps of cloth, trimmed in buttons, velvet collars; worth 5.50, at...... 8.98 Stylish ten-gored short Capes, lined in Dresden and shaded Silks, in tan, black and navy cloths, elaboorately trimmed in gilt buttons

Ladies' Jackets.

and cord; worth 9.00, at ..... 6.08

Ladies' New Spring Jackets, in four different styles, in tan and black, half satin lined, all have very large sleeves; worth 9.00, at..... 5.48

LADIES' SKIRTS.

(Separate.) Large variety of Ladies' Separate Dress Skirts, in Black Serge and

Mohair, small and large checked serges and mixed cloths; worth 6.55, at..... 4.98 Handsome Lined Dress Skirts, in

rich Black Brocaded Satin, ex-

treme cut; worth 14.50, at ...... 10.08 MEN'S WEAR.

150 dozen Men's Merino Underwear, in white and natural wool, nicely finished. Drawers with re-enforced seats; regular 65c, quality, at. 100 dozen Men's extra fine Ribbed Balbrig-

gan Underwear, with slik finished cuff on shirts and drawers; also re-enforced seats; Drawers, in beautiful shades of tan and One lot of men's all wool Sweaters. In black, navy blue and garnet; regular \$1.25

quality ... One lot Men's English Cheviot Palamas, in all the newest designs: regular \$1.75 qual-

OUR NEW BICYCLE DEPT.

We have this week been appointed agents of the magnificent STERLING BICYCLE,

The finest wheel sold to-day in the world, and "built like a watch." Our patrons buying this wheel can do so with the assurance that nothing better can be made at any price. To facilitate repairs that may be required at any time, a special repair shop has been opened in this city, thereby saving the ime required by other bicycles in case of breakage.



CREST WHEEL.

We are also agents for the Celebrated

1896 MODEL. THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE. Imported Tubing.

Detachable Sprockets. Barrel Hubs. Adjustable Handle Bar.

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High Grade, 1896 Model.

We shall open to the public on Monday morning this New Department, and we do so with a feeling of satisfaction and pleasure, as we have succeeded in having manufactured for us a wheel with every modern feature, and which we fully guarantee for one year from date of purchase. An examination will convince you that we have in the Crest Wheel all we claim for it, and the price we have put on it is not the least of its modern features.

mile Cyclometer, Watch and Holder . . . . delivered to any part of the city or to any express office.

ALSO, COMPLETE LINE OF BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

## Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street.

SHAKESPEARE CELEBRATIONS.

Mr. Bayard Will Be Prominent in the Coming Events in England. LONDON, March 28.-Ambassador Bayard will on April 21 preside and speak at the annual Shakespeare celebration of the Birmingham Dramatic Club. The next day he will be a guest at a luncheon to be given by the Mayor of Birmingham at the Council House. While in Birmingham Mr. Bayard will be the guest of Consul Parker. On April 23 Mr. Bayard will unveil the Shakespeare memorial window in Holy Trinity Church at Stratford-on-Avon. The money for this window was subscribed by

American Horses in Germany. BEBLIN, March 28 .- The Reichsanzeiger pub-

lishes a decree which affects the importation of American horses into Germany. past year the practice has grown of importing horses into Germany from the United States by vay of Holland. The decree declares that all horses so imported must be accompanied by a istailed pedigree and have the signature of a Prussian veterinary surgeon and the permit of he district dovernor

A Promising New Opera.

Milan, March 28 .- A new opera, "Andrea Chenie," the libretto of which is by Luigi Iliica and the music by Umberto Glordano, was produced at La Scala Theatre to-night. The scene of the plot is the French revolution. The music was grand and the tableaux tragic. The opera, which scored an immense success, promises to become famous. The authors were recalled twenty times.

Notes of Foreign Happenings.

Twenty-two bodies have been recovered from the mine at Brunnerton, New Zealand, in which an explosion of fredamp occurred a few days ago, killing five persons outright and entombing sixty others.

Mr. J. H. Jackson, United States Chargé d'Affaires at Berlin, dined at Potsdam on Thursday as the guest of the hereditary Prince of Hohen-vollern. The large warehouses of Messrs. Hallings, at leadford, England, were burned yesterday. Loss,

Sirongly supported amendments to the Animal Discusses bill, which is now before the British I ariisment, propose to exclude Canada and New Zealand from the operations of the meas-Herr Stockinger, recently Consul-General of Austria-Hungary at London, who has been ap-pointed in a similar capacity at New York, sailed yesterday on the St. Paul from Southampton.

gents and captured a camp at Guastmal. Three insurgents were killed in the fighting at the camp.

Insurgents have cut the telegraph line between Estabane and Pozo Redondo.

Further details have been received of the recent invasion of the city of Santa Clara. The insurgents occupied the plaza and the main streets of the city, but they fled at daylight. They burned two stores owned by Chinese, who had refused to open them. Other stores and houses that were opened in response to knocks on the doors with machetes were not burned, it is said that six of the insurgents were killed in the fightlar with the troops. Among the invalers were many residents of Santa Clara.

Losnos, March 28.—Negotiations for a new Spanish loan have been respended in Paris and London. It is reported that the Spanish Government is desirous of macing a loan of £40.-000,000, giving as security a lien onth e to-bacco monopoly. It is clear that Spain is preparing to carry on the war in Cuba after Angust, as it has been announced that the new Cortes will be asked to authorize a loan for that purpose.

Since the outbreak of the rebellion in Feb-

Cortes will be asked to authorize a loan for that purpose.

Since the outbreak of the rebellion in February, 1806, the Spanish Government has obtained from the Hank of Spain, the Banque de Paris et da Pays Ras, and the Spanish Bank of Havana successive advances on Cuban five per cent, is ads of 1800. Before the end of August the rebellion will have cost Spain the sun of \$10,000,000. At present the Minister of the Colonies holds only \$3,000,000 to keep the war going until August, whereas it is estimated that it will resuire \$21,000,000 monthly.

Mr. Dwight L. Wing Acquitted.

to-day returned in the case of Dwight L. Wing. the American who was arrested about a year age upon a charge of having swindled the Wag-onlits Company of Paris. Wing was released shortly after his arrest on 5,000 france ball.

NEW YORK GRAMOPHONE CO.

Stringing Soldters Across Cuba - Spain Wants a New Loan. HAVANA, March 28.-A military strong line

A MILITARY STRONG LINE.

has been established from Majana on the south coast to Mariel on the north coast, extending across the narrowest part of the island. The line separates the provinces of Havana and Gen. Arolas, who is in command of the line, reports that the troops have daily skirmishes

with parties of patriots who attempt to cross. Maceo, according to the military reports, is now penned in in the province of Pinar del An official report says that the insurgent

An olderial report says that the heargement parties under Pepe Roque and Junco Morajon have been defeated at Sabana Barreto with a loss of fifteen killed. One patriot was capured. The Spanish loss was one killed and two wounded. The troops pursued the insurgents and captured a camp at Guasimal. Three insurgents were killed in the fighting at the camp.

Paris, March 28 - A verillet of acquittal was